



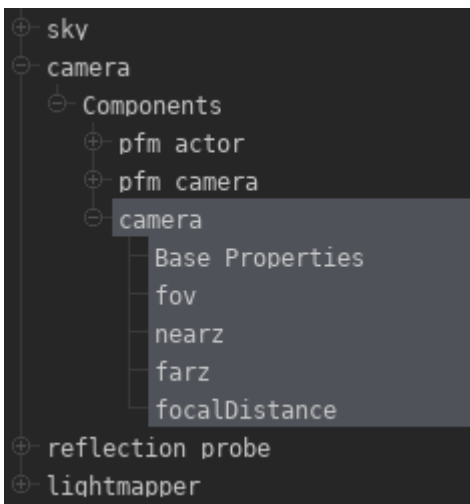
Graph Editor


The Graph Editor () is where you can animate actors and actor properties:

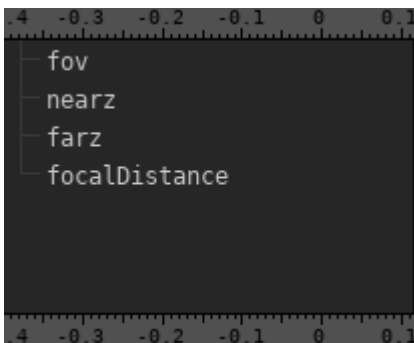
Animating Properties


PFM uses keyframe animations and animation curves, please familiarize yourself with them if you aren't already.

Most actor properties can be animated, with the exception of text-based properties and a new others. To animate a property, make sure you've selected the film clip in the clip editor () and the actor component properties you want to animate in the actor editor:

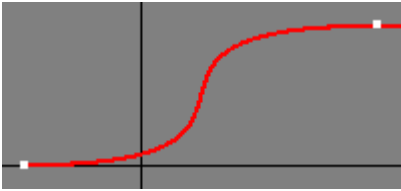



If you switch to the graph editor (), you should see the same properties listed there:



Now move the playhead () to the timestamp at which you want to place a keyframe, and change the property value in the actor editor. This will automatically place a keyframe at the current timestamp. If you place a second keyframe at a different timestamp, an animation curve will be

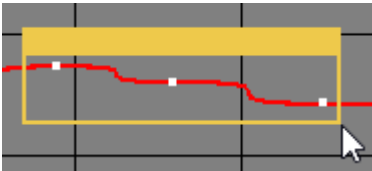
created between them:



You can also use the keyframe () button to place a new keyframe. If the current timestamp is between two other keyframes, the new keyframe will be placed approximately at the position of the value of the curve at that timestamp.

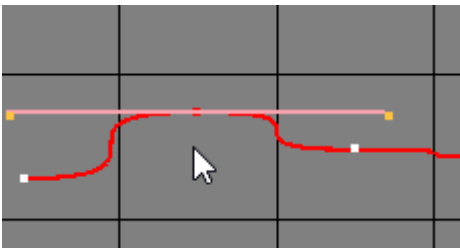
Selection Mode

You can select individual keyframes by clicking them directly, or select multiple keyframes by clicking and holding the left mouse button to create a selection rectangle.



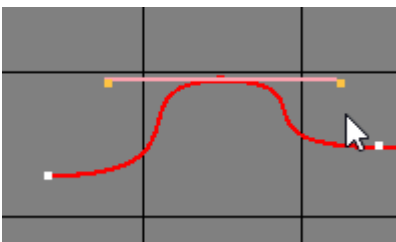
You can move a keyframe by clicking and holding the left mouse button on it and moving your mouse.

Move Mode

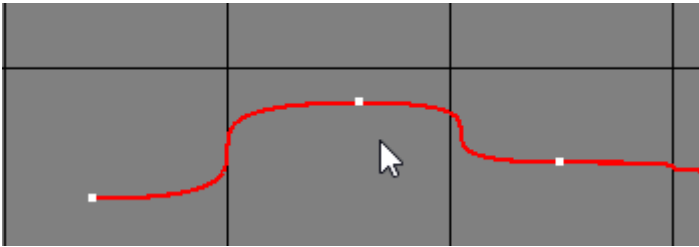


If you have keyframes selected, you can move them by clicking and holding the left mouse button on the graph editor and moving your mouse.

You can also move handles the same way:



Pan Mode

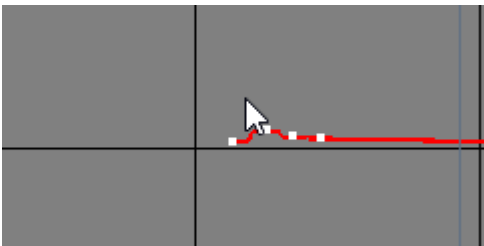


Click and drag the graph editor view to pan the view. You can also use the middle mouse button to do this in the other modes as well.

Scale Mode

Scaling is currently not implemented!

Zoom Mode



Click and hold the left mouse button into the graph editor view and move the mouse to zoom in/out at the mouse cursor position.

Mouse Controls

Regardless of the mode, you can zoom in and out using the scroll wheel. By default this will zoom the time axis around the playhead position, but there are several ways to modify the scrolling behavior:

- **Scroll Wheel +Ctrl:** Zoom data axis instead of time axis
- **Scroll Wheel +Alt:** Zoom both time and data axis at the same time around the cursor position

Handle Types

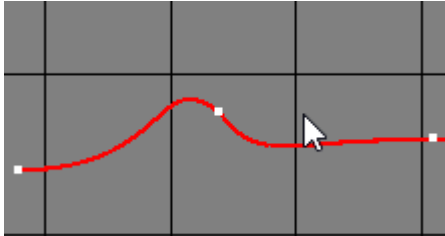
Every keyframe has two handles that control the flow of the curve to the previous and the next keyframes respectively. The handles can be seen as two protruding points when a keyframe is selected:



Handles can be moved by clicking and dragging them with the mouse, but the effect on the curve depends on the handle type. The handle type can be changed by right-clicking on the keyframe under the `Handle Type` menu, which will change the handle type for **both** handles. There are three handle types available:

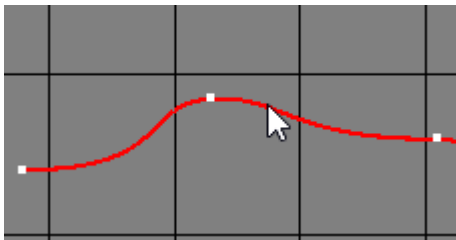
Free

Both handles are independent from each other and can be moved arbitrarily.



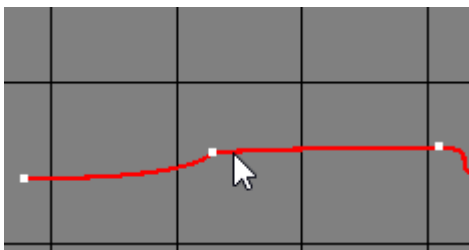
Aligned

The handles stay aligned on both sides with the same length. Moving one of the handles will cause the other to move accordingly.




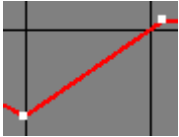
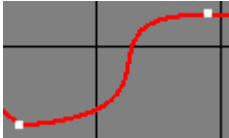
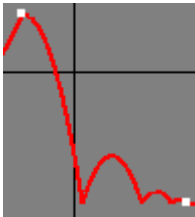
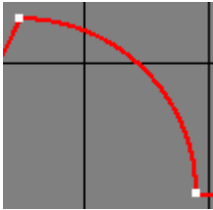


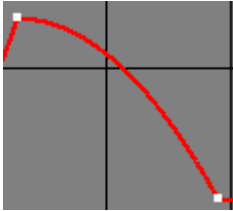
Vector

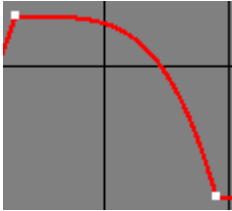
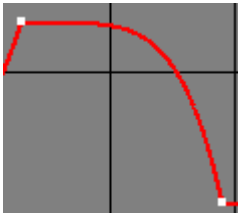
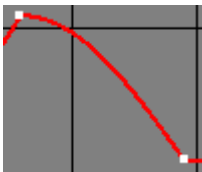
The left handle will point to the right handle of the previous keyframe and the right handle will point to the left handle of the next keyframe. Moving the center, previous or next keyframe will affect the handle location. If you move one of the handles, it will automatically become a `free` type handle, however the other handle will remain a `vector` type.



Interpolation

The interpolation type changes the fundamental behavior of the curve. To change it, select a keyframe, right-click and choose an interpolation type from the `Interpolation` menu.

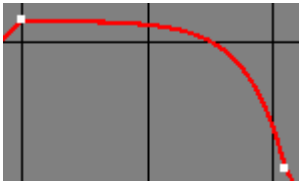
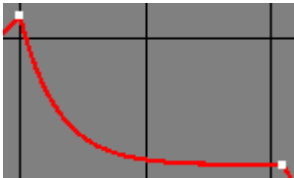
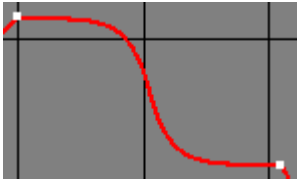
Interpolation Type	Curve Effect
Constant	
Linear	
Bézier	
Bounce	
Circular	
Cubic	
Exponential	
Quadratic	

Quartic	
Quintic	
Sinusoidal	

If the interpolation type is anything other than Bézier, the handles will have no effect on the curve.

Easing Type

The easing type can smooth out the beginning and/or end of the curve.

Easing Type	Curve Effect
Automatic Easing	Depends on interpolation type
Ease In	
Ease Out	
Ease In and Out	

If the interpolation type is Bézier, the easing type will have effect on the curve.

Keybinds

Action	Default Key
Bookmark	m
Select	q
Move	w
Pan	e
Scale	r
Zoom	t
Linear tangents	1
Flat tangents	2
Spline tangents	3
Step tangents	4
Unify tangents	5
Equalize tangent lengths	6
Weighted tangents	7
Unweighted tangents	8

Revision #20

Created 17 July 2022 11:04:01 by Silverlan

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